

Specification PTC 222: 1999

**Spark Requirements** 

for Customer Premises Cable

(2 or 4 pairs, with 0.5 mm conductors)

Access Standards Spark New Zealand Limited Wellington New Zealand

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PTC 226: 2005

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# **RELATED DOCUMENTS**

PTC 100	Telecom Permit to Connect : General Conditions
PTC 103	Code of Practice for Customer Premises Wiring
PTC 106	Code of Practice for Generic Home cabling
AS 1049	Telecommunications cables - insulation and sheath- polyethylene
AS 1125	Conductors in insulated electric cables and flexible cords
AS 2700S	Colour standards for general purposes
ISO/IEC 11801	Telecommunications installations - Integrated telecommunications cabling systems for commercial premises
AS 3081 - 2	Telecommunications installations - Twisted pair cables for telecommunications applications
AS/NZS 3086	Telecommunications installations - Integrated telecommunications cabling systems for small office/home office premises
AS 3147	Approval and Test specification - electric cables - thermoplastic - insulated for working voltages up to and including 0.6/1 kV
BS 5099	Spark Testing of Electric Cables
IEC 189	Low frequency cables and wires with pvc insulation and pvc sheath
IEC 189-1	Part 1: general test and measuring methods
IEC 304	Standard colours for insulation for low frequency cables and wires
ANSI/IEEE Std. 4	55-1976 Standard Test Procedure for Measuring Longitudinal Balance of Telephone Equipment Operating in the Voice Band



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# FOREWORD

This Specification is issued by Telecom to define requirements for the outside version of its unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cable used between buildings in residential type customer premises telecommunications wiring, which is connected to the Telecom network. Cable meeting these requirements will permit compliance with Telecom Codes of Practice, PTC 103: 2003 and PTC 106: 2005.

This specification provides requirements for both 2 pair and 4 pair cable for Small Office Home Office (SOHO) installations. 0.5 mm diameter or 0.63 mm copper conductors are specified for both types.

The minimum electrical performance requirements contained in this specification are equivalent to at least "Category 5", which is now the basic "industry standard". This should ensure that complying cable can be widely sourced.

Cable confirmed by manufacturer's certification to comply with this Specification is eligible for the granting of a Telecom Telepermit. Only cable which is accepted by Telecom to comply with its Specifications is allowed to bear a Telecom "Telepermit" label.

Use of cable to this Specification will ensure compatibility with the insulation displacement connectors in sockets (telecommunications outlets) and other terminating hardware specified by Telecom. Such hardware is also marked with Telecom's "Telepermit" label.



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# 1 SCOPE

## 1.1 Cable types

(1) This specification defines Telecom minimum requirements for unshielded, twisted pair (UTP) polymer insulated, Polyethylene sheathed cable for outside customer premises wiring applications in accordance with Telecom Codes of Practice PTC 103:2003 or PTC 106: 2005.

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(2) This cable is intended primarily for use outside a building, either inside a conduit or direct-buried, but may also be used for limited length cable runs within a building.

(3) The 2 pair cable covered in this Specification aligns with the internationally accepted standards for "Category 3" and the 4 pair cable aligns with "Category 5" cable. Both cables provide a significantly higher transmission performance than the 3-pair 0.4 mm cable previously specified by Telecom for general premises wiring applications. The new "general purpose" type used by Telecom is expected to be used in the majority of residential installations.

(4) 4-pair cable to the full Category 5 performance rating is specified for use by those customers requiring the additional features of Small Office Home Office (SOHO) installations as specified in PTC 103:1998 (to AS/NZS 3086:1996).

# 1.2 Test and acceptance criteria

This Specification covers performance requirements, which will usually be verified by compliance statements issued by the cable manufacturer or some recognised independent testing agency. Testing parameters are dealt with in the referenced Standards.

# 1.3 Format

(1) Those aspects of this Specification which are regarded as mandatory are printed in plain type with each paragraph shaded, as shown.

(2) All mandatory and other clauses which form part of this Specification are formally numbered.

(3) Comments and recommendations which are added only as indications of the best means of compliance are shown in italics in smaller type. Each is preceded with a "•" symbol, but without numbering. For example:

• Tinned conductors are acceptable.



### 2.1 Background

(1)

(2) The introduction of 2-wire jackpoints, with their capability to terminate up to three different wire gauges, overcame this mixed gauge termination problem. As a result, 0.5 mm cable could be re-introduced for residential wiring.

(3)

(4) 4-pair "Category 5" or higher performance cable is now almost universally used for new commercial cabling and many new home cabling installations in New Zealand. This suggests that 4-pair cable should also be used between buildings on the same site.

(5) In view of the wide adoption of broadband services and the growing use of "Home LAN's" which may extend between buildings on the same site, Telecom has decided to define its requirements for "Telepermitted" outside cable that should prove suitable for likely future needs.



# 3 CONDUCTORS

This Section applies to both 2-pair and 4-pair cables.

## 3.1 Material

(1) Each conductor in the cable shall consist of a bright, scale-free solid wire of commercially pure annealed copper, smoothly drawn, circular in section, uniform in quality and free from all defects.

• Tinned conductors are acceptable.

(2) Each conductor shall have a nominal diameter of either 0.50 or 0.63 mm and an average resistance at 20 °C not exceeding the limit stated in Tables 1 and 2.

• The specification of "nominal diameters" provides for both 24 AWG (0.51 mm) cable manufactured to the North American standard, and 0.5 mm cable manufactured to the international standard.



# 4 INSULATION

This Section applies to both 2-pair and 4-pair cables.

## 4.1 Material

Each conductor shall be uniformly covered with a suitable solid or cellular thermoplastic insulating material, such as polyethylene. The material used shall shall meet all relevant requirements of AS 1049.

## 4.2 Thickness

The radial thickness of the insulation shall be such that the electrical requirements of this Specification are satisfied, with the overall diameter over the insulation not exceeding 1.4 mm.

• This restriction relates to the capacity of the Krone insulation displacement connectors used in jackpoints manufactured to Telecom PTC requirements.

## 4.3 Colours

The colour of the insulation used for each conductor shall closely approximate the standard colours of PVC insulation depicted in AS 2700S. The actual colours to be used shall be as follows:-

(a) 2-pair cable

Pair 1	Blue	Blue-White
Pair 2	Orange	Orange-White
(b) 4-pair cab	ble	
Pair 1	Blue	Blue-White or White
Pair 2	Orange	Orange-White or White
Pair 3	Green	Green-White or White
Pair 4	Brown	Brown-White or White

• Telecom wishes to keep to the internationally standardised colour coding for cable to PTC 226

• Telecom has a strong preference for striped rather than plain white colouring of mates in 4pair cable. The aim is to help ensure that installers and maintainers will be able to retain pair integrity, which can be far more critical in applications demanding the performance of category 5 cabling.

# 4.4 Spark testing

The insulation shall have successfully withstood a spark test to IEC 189-1, such that there shall be no bare wire and no more than 3 pinholes in any 1000 m length of wire.





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# **5 CABLE CONSTRUCTION**

This Section applies to both 2-pair and 4-pair versions.

## 5.1 Pairing

Two conductors insulated as described in clause 4 shall be uniformly twisted together to form each pair. The lay lengths shall be chosen to meet the requirements of Table 1 for Category 5 4-pair cable.

## 5.2 Cable lay

The individually twisted pairs of conductors shall be formed into a compact and symmetrical cable.

# 5.3 Gel filling

The interstitial spaces between pairs are to be filled with petroleum jelly or other compound of equivalent or better performance in order to provide a reliable water blocking.

### 5.4 Moisture Barrier

### 5.5 Sheathing

(1) The cable shall be sheathed with general purpose sheathing grade polyethylene which shall meet the requirements of AS 1049; or a high density polyethylene which meets the requirements of AS 1429.

(2) The sheath shall be completely free from pinholes, joints, mended places and other defects.

(3) The nominal radial thickness of the sheath shall be 0.5 mm and shall have adequate mechanical strength and elasticity. These properties shall stay constant during the service life of the cable.

(4) The sheath shall fit closely to the core of the cable, but shall not adhere to the insulation of the conductors.

• The preferred sheath colour is black, but the colour chosen does not form part of this Specification.

# 5.6 Bending radius

(1) The minimum acceptable bending radius for installation purposes shall be not greater than 4 times the maximum dimension of the cable sheath.

(2) The minimum acceptable bending radius for pulling in purposes shall be not greater than 8 times the maximum dimension of the cable sheath.

### 5.7 Pulling strength

The cable shall be capable of withstanding a pull of at least xx N for 2-pair and yy N for 4-pair cable.

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## 5.8 Jacket

The sheath may be jacketed with an additional protective layer .....



# 6 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

#### 6.1 Standards

The following Tables summarise the performance requirements of Category 3 and Category 5 cables, as published in ISO/IEC 11801. This data is provided for ease of reference, but manufacturers are advised to refer to the original Standards for further details.

### 6.2 General purpose cable for residential type applications

(1) To be eligible for the grant of a Telepermit under the terms of this Specification, for "general purpose cable", cable performance shall comply with Table 1 below.

(2) Telecom's minimum requirements for a 2-pair "general purpose" cable listed in Table 1 are commonly defined as "Category 3" in the above Standards. Any 2 pair cables certified to meet the higher Category 4 or Category 5 performance requirements are acceptable for Telepermit purposes, subject to compliance with the other requirements contained in this Specification.

Cable Characteristics @ 20°C	Units	MHz	Value
Characteristic Impedance	Ω	0.064	125 ± 25
		≥ 1	100 ± 15
Max DC conductor loop resistance	Ω/100 m	d.c.	19.2
Resistance unbalance	%	d.c.	3
Minimum d.c. insulation resistance	MΩ.km	d.c.	150
Nominal Phase Velocity of propagation		1	0.4 C
		10	0.6 C
		100	NA
Minimum Near End Crosstalk Loss	dB @ 100 m	0.772	43
		1	41
		4	32
		8	26
		16	23
Maximum Capacitance Unbalance to ground	pF/km	0.001	3400
Dielectric strength conductor to conductor		d.c.	1kV/1 min or
			2.5 kV/2 s
		a.c.	700 V/1 min
			or 1.7 kV/2s
Minimum Structural Return Loss	dB/100m	1 to <10	12
		10 to <16	10
Maximum Attenuation	dB/100 m	0.064	0.9
		0.256	1.3
		0.512	1.8
		0.772	2.2
		1	2.6
		4	5.6
		10	9.8
		16	13.1

### Table 1 Electrical Characteristics for General Purpose Cable



# 6.3 4-pair "Category 5" cable for residential type SOHO applications

To be eligible for the grant of a Telepermit under the terms of this Specification, for 4-pair "Category 5" cable, cable performance shall comply with Table 2, which lists performance characteristics in accordance with the above-quoted Standards.

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Cable Characteristics @ 20°C	Units	MHz	Value
Characteristic Impedance	Ω	0.064	125 ± 25
		≥ 1	100 ± 15
Max DC conductor loop resistance	Ω/100 m	d.c.	19.2
Resistance unbalance	%	d.c.	3
Minimum d.c. insulation resistance	MΩ.km	d.c.	150
Nominal Phase Velocity of propagation		1	0.4 C
		10	0.6 C
		100	0.65C
Minimum Near End Crosstalk Loss	dB @ 100 m	0.772	64
		1	62
		4	53
		8	47
		16	44
		20	42
		31.25	40
		62.5	35
		100	32
Minimum Longitudinal Conversion Loss	dB	0.064	43
Maximum Capacitance Unbalance to ground	pF/km	0.001	3400
Dielectric strength conductor to conductor		d.c.	1kV for 1 min
			or 2.5 kV for 2
			S
		a.c.	700 V for 1 min
			or 1.7 kV for 2s
Minimum Structural Return Loss	dB/100m	1 to <10	23
		10  to < 16	23
		16  to < 20	23
Mauineune Attenuetien	alD /4 00 are	20 to 100	23 - 10g (1-20)
Maximum Attenuation	aB/100 m	0.064	0.8
		0.230	1.1
		0.512	1.0
		0.772	1.0
		1	2.1 // 3
			6.6
		16	8.2
		20	9.2
		31.25	11.8
		62.5	17.1
		100	22.0

# Table 2 Electrical Characteristics for "Category 5" 4-pair Cable



### 6.4 Other pair combinations

(1) Two pair cables to Category 3, 4 or 5 standards are all eligible for a Telepermit for "general purpose" residential type applications.

(2) Four pair cables to Category 3, 4 or 5 standards are all eligible for a Telepermit for residential type SOHO applications. Telecom however, recommends the use of Category 5 cable for all SOHO applications.

• Cables Telepermitted for SOHO applications are not Telepermitted for general purpose residential type applications. The reason for this is that use of 4 pair cables is not appropriate to Telecom's 2-wire system.

# (3) Multi-pair cables?



# 7 CABLE MARKING

## 7.1 Need for Marking

All cable sheaths shall be marked in English, at intervals of not more than 2 m, with the following information:

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(a) The manufacturer's name, trade mark or registered mark, and

(b) The manufacturer's product designation or part number, sufficient to identify the cable concerned, and

(c) The performance category of the cable

• There is no mandatory requirement for length markings on sheaths. This is a matter for the supplier to decide. Where length markings are provided, these will generally be at much closer intervals than 2 m.

• There is no mandatory requirement for marking the Telepermit number on sheaths. This is a matter for the supplier to decide.

# 7.2 Type of Marking

The marking on the sheath shall be legible and durable under normal installation and service conditions.

# 7.3 Advice to Telecom

The Telepermit applicant shall advise Telecom of the method of marking and of any recognised National Standards which apply to the marks used.



# 8 PACKING AND MARKING OF PACKS

#### 8.1 Bulk packs

(1) The cable shall be packed in such a manner as to maintain the cable in a good condition during transit, in storage and, preferably, also while it is being installed at the workface.

(2) The length of cable in metres shall be clearly marked on each reel or package.

(3) The manufacturer's name, cable designation number or description shall be clearly shown on each reel or package.

(4) The Telecom "Telepermit" label shall be marked on the reel or package. The Telepermit label will show the performance category of the cable concerned.

(5) To avoid problems caused by the incorrect connection of pre-wired cables to the Telecom network, each bulk packs (reel or drum) should bear an advisory note to the following effect:-

"The Blue and Blue-white wires should always be used for the first line in a new installation. This pair will be connected to the network unless clear instructions are given to use other pair(s). Incorrect connection will inconvenience the customer and may lead to additional charges".

- It is assumed that the majority of bulk packs will normally be sold only to the trade.
- The Orange and Orange-White pair are to be used where there is a second line or where the customer requires Fast Internet service.



# 9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

## 9.1 Service reliability

Although the terms and conditions of Telecom's residential premises wiring maintenance services specifically exclude cabling between buildings, Telecom is likely to be involved in maintaining or repairing inter-building cable supplied by other parties to its customers. As such, Telecom is anxious to ensure that cable will prove reliable in service and that there will not be any unreasonable level of faults caused by manufacturing defects.

### 9.2 Quality System

(1) Applicants shall supply evidence that a Quality System is applied by the factory in producing the cable concerned. This evidence shall include a copy of a quality accreditation certificate in accordance with ISO 9000, ISO 9002, etc.

(2) Where available, any accreditation or approval to supply these products, as issued by another Telecommunications Administration, should also be supplied.



# **10 TELEPERMIT SUPPORTING DATA**

### **10.1** Test Information to be submitted

(1) The cable will normally be tested as part of the manufacturing process by the manufacturer, who will certify that the requirements of this Specification are being complied with before releasing the product from the factory.

(2) In all cases, either the manufacturer's test information or the manufacturer's formally published product data sheets shall be submitted to verify compliance with this specification.

• Performance information should be given in the format of Tables 1 and 2, as applicable. Data is also required on the materials used, their dimensions and physical attributes so that full compliance with this specification can be verified.

#### 10.2 Sample

Suppliers applying for certification for the first time shall submit a sample of not less than 100 metres in length, together with test and measurement results

#### **10.3 Telecom confirmation**

Telecom reserves the right to test the sample of cable submitted by the Telepermit applicant to confirm to its own satisfaction that the specification has been complied with. In addition, Telecom reserves the right to test samples of cable obtained on the local market to ensure that the product is consistent with the test results and assurances given by the Telepermit applicant. Such tests may be carried out by a third party.

#### 10.4 Additional supporting evidence

Where such information is likely to support any application for a Telepermit, the applicant is invited to provide details of additional tests carried out as part of the normal manufacturing process.

### 10.5 Ongoing compliance

(1) Telecom may, at its discretion, require the manufacturer to regularly submit copies of test results or arrange for periodic verification of the test information by an independent testing laboratory.

(2) Telecom reserves the right to decline to grant a Telepermit where it considers there is inadequate evidence of the manufacturer's ability to ensure continuing compliance with this Specification.

(3) Telecom reserves the right to cancel a Telepermit granted to a manufacturer where it considers there is evidence that product offered for sale in New Zealand does not comply with this Specification or the conditions applicable to the grant of that Telepermit.

END OF SPECIFICATION PTC 222

